

FIJI YEAR 8 EXAMINATION - 2026 REVISION (NEW FORMAT)

SOCIAL SCIENCE - REVISION PAPER 25 OF 30

Time Allowed: 1½ hours (An extra 10 minutes is allowed for reading this paper.)

INSTRUCTIONS

- Write your FEMIS ID on the top right-hand corner of this page and on any extra sheet(s) of paper used.
- Use either blue or black pen to answer the questions. A pencil may be used only for drawing.
- Show clearly the question number(s) being answered on any extra sheet(s) used and tie it at the appropriate place(s).
- Do not spend too much time on any question and only start writing when you are told to do so.

NOTE: There are four strands in this paper. All strands are compulsory.

STRAND	NAME OF STRAND	QUESTION TYPES	MARK
1	SOCIAL ORGANISATION AND PROCESSES	Multiple Choice • Matching • Comprehension Passage • Paragraph Writing	26
2	TIME, CONTINUITY AND CHANGE	Multiple Choice • True/False • Fill in the Blanks • Resource Interpretation	22
3	PLACE AND ENVIRONMENT	Multiple Choice • Matching • Short-Answer Questions • Resource Interpretation	26
4	RESOURCES AND ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES	Multiple Choice • Matching • Comprehension Passage • Paragraph Writing	26
		TOTAL	100

FEMIS ID: _____ Marks Gained: _____

STRAND 1: SOCIAL ORGANISATION AND PROCESSES [26 marks]

Question types: Multiple Choice (10) • Matching (6) • Comprehension Passage (5) • Paragraph Writing (5)

Part A - Multiple Choice [10 marks]

1. A group whose members share common cultural characteristics is called a(n)
 - A. income group
 - B. age group
 - C. ethnic group
 - D. sport group
2. People grouped by the language they speak form a
 - A. socio-economic group
 - B. geographic group
 - C. linguistic group
 - D. cultural group
3. The main purpose of the United Nations is to
 - A. maintain international peace and security
 - B. fund development projects
 - C. defeat world hunger
 - D. control world oil prices
4. UNICEF was created mainly to help
 - A. miners
 - B. soldiers
 - C. children and mothers
 - D. farmers
5. The International Monetary Fund (IMF) was established in
 - A. 1946
 - B. 1947
 - C. 1944
 - D. 1945
6. NATO is best described as a
 - A. space agency
 - B. trade bloc
 - C. military defence alliance
 - D. charity
7. The World Environment Organisation (WEO) protects
 - A. shipping lanes
 - B. internet cables
 - C. world money
 - D. natural diversity of plants and animals
8. Samoa, Tonga and Easter Island are home to the
 - A. Micronesians
 - B. Polynesians
 - C. Melanesians
 - D. Caucasoids
9. People with straight black hair and inner eye folds — such as the Japanese and Chinese — are called
 - A. Negroids
 - B. Australoids
 - C. Caucasoids
 - D. Mongoloids

10. The i-Taukei are the indigenous people of

- A. Samoa
- B. Tonga
- C. Fiji
- D. Kiribati

Part B - Matching [6 marks]

COLUMN I	COLUMN II
1. People of Samoa and Tonga	A. Polynesians
2. Natives of Australia	B. Aborigines
3. Natives of New Zealand	C. Maori
4. First inhabitants of a place	D. Indigenous people
5. People of Kiribati and the Marshalls	E. Micronesians
6. Dark-skinned Pacific people	F. Melanesians

Part C - Comprehension Passage [5 marks] - "UNICEF Works for Children"

UNICEF, the United Nations Children's Fund, was created by the UN General Assembly on 11 December 1946 to bring emergency food and healthcare to children suffering after World War II. Its founder, Ludwik Rajchman, believed no child should be forgotten. Today UNICEF builds classrooms, trains teachers, provides clean water and vaccinates children in more than 190 countries. In Fiji, UNICEF has supported cyclone-proof schools and child health programmes, helping every child to learn and grow safely.

1. When and by whom was UNICEF created? (1 mark)
2. Why was UNICEF first set up? (1 mark)
3. What did Ludwik Rajchman believe? (1 mark)
4. List TWO things UNICEF does today. (1 mark)
5. How has UNICEF helped schools in Fiji? (1 mark)

Part D - Paragraph Writing [5 marks]

Write a paragraph (4-6 sentences) explaining how ONE world organisation has influenced the world and our lives. Include its name, founding year and at least TWO of its roles.

STRAND 2: TIME, CONTINUITY AND CHANGE [22 marks]

Question types: Multiple Choice (8) • True/False (6) • Fill in the Blanks (4) • Resource Interpretation (4)

Part A - Multiple Choice [8 marks]

1. The first person to walk on the moon was
 - A. Herbert Armstrong
 - B. Edwin Aldrin
 - C. Yuri Gagarin
 - D. Neil Armstrong
2. The first President of Fiji was
 - A. Ratu Kamisese Mara
 - B. Ratu Penaia Ganilau
 - C. Ratu Wiliame Katonivere
 - D. Ratu Timoci Bavadra
3. Bill Gates became famous as the founder of
 - A. Apple
 - B. Facebook
 - C. Google
 - D. Microsoft
4. Fiji gained independence in the year
 - A. 1980
 - B. 1990
 - C. 1960
 - D. 1970
5. The African president renowned for combating apartheid was
 - A. Benazir Bhutto
 - B. Adolf Hitler
 - C. Nelson Mandela
 - D. King Charles
6. Roy Krishna is famous as a
 - A. boxer
 - B. golfer
 - C. soccer player
 - D. swimmer
7. A medical pandemic from the list below is
 - A. leptospirosis
 - B. AIDS
 - C. dengue fever
 - D. tuberculosis
8. The first South Pacific Games (now Pacific Games) were held in
 - A. Apia
 - B. Nukualofa
 - C. Noumea
 - D. Suva

Part B - True or False [6 marks]

1. The Equator is the longest line of latitude.
2. Global warming is true in the South Pacific.
3. A fortnight consists of two weeks.
4. Globalisation has influenced Pacific economies through tourism.
5. Aborigines are the indigenous people of Asia.

6. The Second World War involved many nations of the world.

Part C - Fill in the Blanks [4 marks]

- 1.** World War I began in 19____ and Fiji became independent in 19____. (2 marks)
- 2.** The Red Cross was founded in 18____ and the next Commonwealth Games (2026) will be held in _____, Scotland. (2 marks)

Part D - Resource Interpretation [4 marks] - study the photograph



- 1.** Who is the person in the photograph? (1 mark)
- 2.** What "first" is she famous for in Fiji's Parliament? (1 mark)
- 3.** Name ONE earlier role she held before Parliament. (1 mark)
- 4.** What can young Fiji girls learn from her life? (1 mark)

STRAND 3: PLACE AND ENVIRONMENT [26 marks]

Question types: Multiple Choice (10) • Matching (6) • Short-Answer Questions (6) • Resource Interpretation (4)

Part A - Multiple Choice [10 marks]

1. The Tropic of Cancer lies at
 - A. 0°
 - B. 23.5° South
 - C. 23.5° North
 - D. 90° South
2. The sea or ocean affects the climate of a nearby place by
 - A. nothing at all
 - B. moderating its temperature
 - C. making it hotter
 - D. causing droughts
3. Land pollution can be reduced by
 - A. keeping noisy machines away
 - B. re-planting trees
 - C. chemical spills
 - D. avoiding littering
4. The Tropic of Capricorn lies at
 - A. 23.5° North
 - B. 66.5° South
 - C. 23.5° South
 - D. 66.5° North
5. The four climatic zones include the Polar, Temperate, Tropics and
 - A. Capricorn
 - B. Cancer
 - C. Equatorial
 - D. Arctic Ocean
6. Water pollution is caused mainly by
 - A. rubbish disposal in rivers
 - B. beeping vehicles
 - C. loud music
 - D. industrial noise
7. The Prime Meridian is zero degrees
 - A. latitude
 - B. temperature
 - C. altitude
 - D. longitude
8. The shape of an area of land — its hills, valleys and mountains — is called
 - A. longitude
 - B. territory
 - C. topography
 - D. latitude
9. A renewable source of energy is
 - A. oil
 - B. natural gas
 - C. bio-fuel
 - D. coal
10. The longest line of latitude is the

- A. Prime Meridian
- B. Equator
- C. Tropic of Cancer
- D. Arctic Circle

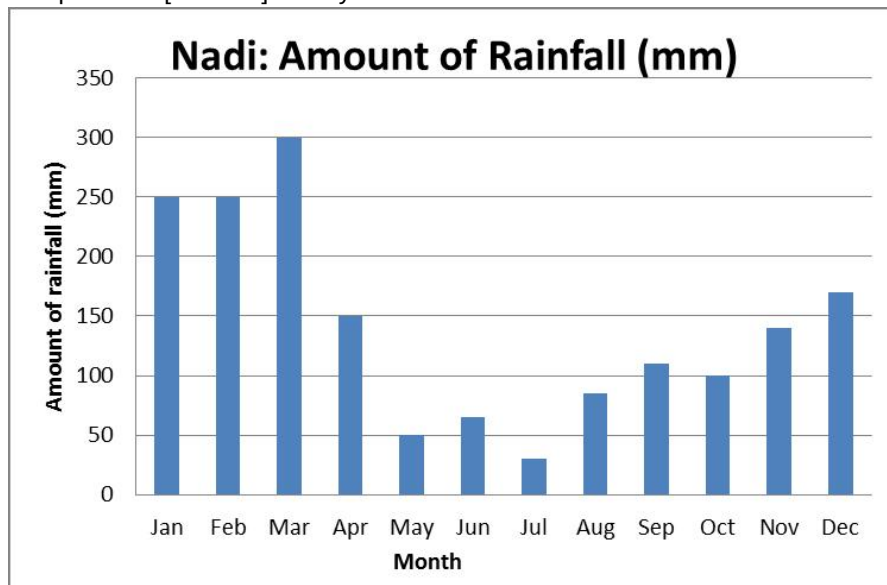
Part B - Matching [6 marks]

COLUMN I	COLUMN II
1. 0 degrees longitude	A. Prime Meridian
2. The long-term pattern of weather	B. Climate
3. 0 degrees latitude	C. Equator
4. 23.5 degrees South	D. Tropic of Capricorn
5. The shape of the land	E. Topography
6. Day-to-day condition of the atmosphere	F. Weather

Part C - Short-Answer Questions [6 marks]

1. State two negative effects of natural disasters for Fiji. (2 marks)
2. State two reasons why the mangrove ecosystem should be conserved. (2 marks)
3. Explain one reason why tropical rainforests are important to us. (2 marks)

Part D - Resource Interpretation [4 marks] - study the resource



1. Identify the wettest month. (1 mark)
2. Identify the driest month. (1 mark)
3. Which TWO months recorded equal rainfall? (1 mark)
4. State the trend over the months shown. (1 mark)

STRAND 4: RESOURCES AND ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES [26 marks]

Question types: Multiple Choice (10) • Matching (6) • Comprehension Passage (5) • Paragraph Writing (5)

Part A - Multiple Choice [10 marks]

1. A budget is created to
 - A. do impulsive buying
 - B. spend freely
 - C. disorganise purchases
 - D. track your income and spending
2. A source or supply from which benefit is produced is known as
 - A. rubbish
 - B. a service
 - C. a resource
 - D. a product
3. A major contributor to economic development in Fiji is
 - A. importing rubbish
 - B. closing schools
 - C. littering
 - D. tourism
4. Which resource cannot be stored or saved for later use?
 - A. money
 - B. gold
 - C. water tanks
 - D. time
5. Globalisation has impacted Fiji and the Pacific by
 - A. providing access to international markets
 - B. isolating Fiji
 - C. preventing foreign investment
 - D. banning tourism
6. A good way to save money is to
 - A. borrow for holidays
 - B. spend more than you earn
 - C. buy new clothes weekly
 - D. spend less than you earn
7. A characteristic of resources is that they
 - A. are unlimited
 - B. never run out
 - C. cost nothing
 - D. have potential for depletion
8. The factor that greatly influences the interconnection of countries today is
 - A. technologies
 - B. rainfall
 - C. pollution
 - D. deforestation
9. Time management helps us to
 - A. avoid school
 - B. store time
 - C. waste time
 - D. set priorities
10. An advantage of globalisation is the

- A. spread of technology and innovation
- B. rise in prices only
- C. loss of cultural identity
- D. end of farming

Part B - Matching [6 marks]

COLUMN I	COLUMN II
1. Interchange of world views and products	A. Globalisation
2. Company operating in many countries	B. Multinational
3. Donations from donor countries	C. Aid
4. Fiji's biggest service industry	D. Tourism
5. Interconnected world community	E. Global village
6. Movement of qualified people abroad	F. Brain drain

Part C - Comprehension Passage [5 marks] - "A Family Budget That Works"

The Naidu family earns eight hundred dollars a fortnight. Every payday, they sit together and plan their budget. Two hundred dollars is kept for food, one hundred and fifty for rent, eighty for bus fares, seventy for electricity, and fifty for the children's school needs. Whatever is left is placed in a savings account at the bank. Because they spend less than they earn, the family survived a hard month when their father's work hours were cut, without borrowing a single dollar.

1. How much does the family earn, and how often? (1 mark)
2. What is a budget? (1 mark)
3. List TWO items in the Naidu family budget. (1 mark)
4. Where do they keep their savings? (1 mark)
5. Why did the family survive the hard month? (1 mark)

Part D - Paragraph Writing [5 marks]

Write a paragraph (4-6 sentences) describing how your family manages its money wisely. Include budgeting, saving and at least TWO good practices.

THE END