

FIJI YEAR 8 EXAMINATION - 2026 REVISION (NEW FORMAT)

SOCIAL SCIENCE - REVISION PAPER 04 OF 30

Time Allowed: 1½ hours (An extra 10 minutes is allowed for reading this paper.)

INSTRUCTIONS

- Write your FEMIS ID on the top right-hand corner of this page and on any extra sheet(s) of paper used.
- Use either blue or black pen to answer the questions. A pencil may be used only for drawing.
- Show clearly the question number(s) being answered on any extra sheet(s) used and tie it at the appropriate place(s).
- Do not spend too much time on any question and only start writing when you are told to do so.

NOTE: There are four strands in this paper. All strands are compulsory.

STRAND	NAME OF STRAND	QUESTION TYPES	MARK
1	SOCIAL ORGANISATION AND PROCESSES	Multiple Choice • Matching • Comprehension Passage • Paragraph Writing	26
2	TIME, CONTINUITY AND CHANGE	Multiple Choice • True/False • Fill in the Blanks • Resource Interpretation	22
3	PLACE AND ENVIRONMENT	Multiple Choice • Matching • Short-Answer Questions • Resource Interpretation	26
4	RESOURCES AND ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES	Multiple Choice • Matching • Comprehension Passage • Paragraph Writing	26
		TOTAL	100

FEMIS ID: _____ Marks Gained: _____

STRAND 1: SOCIAL ORGANISATION AND PROCESSES [26 marks]

Question types: Multiple Choice (10) • Matching (6) • Comprehension Passage (5) • Paragraph Writing (5)

Part A - Multiple Choice [10 marks]

1. The IMF promotes
 - A. world health
 - B. children's rights
 - C. global financial stability and cooperation
 - D. tourism
2. The International Red Cross and Red Crescent Movement was founded in
 - A. 1863
 - B. 1883
 - C. 1945
 - D. 1919
3. The organisation which promotes equal standards of living through the world of work is the
 - A. ILO
 - B. WHO
 - C. NASA
 - D. WTO
4. Aborigines are the natives of
 - A. India
 - B. Australia
 - C. America
 - D. New Zealand
5. The Australoid people include the Aborigines of
 - A. Europe
 - B. America
 - C. Australia
 - D. Africa
6. Christians, Hindus and Muslims together form a
 - A. linguistic group
 - B. religious group
 - C. political group
 - D. occupational group
7. The United Nations (UN) was founded in
 - A. 1944
 - B. 1948
 - C. 1945
 - D. 1919
8. The founder of UNICEF was
 - A. Henry Dunant
 - B. Pierre de Coubertin
 - C. Ludwik Rajchman
 - D. Kofi Annan
9. The FAO Latin motto "Fiat Panis" means
 - A. Work for all
 - B. Let there be bread
 - C. Let there be peace
 - D. Food for all
10. The European Union (EU) was formed to

- A. facilitate free trade and political cooperation
- B. govern the Pacific
- C. mine coal in Asia
- D. build a common army only

Part B - Matching [6 marks]

COLUMN I	COLUMN II
1. Founded UNICEF	A. Ludwik Rajchman
2. First woman PM of Pakistan	B. Benazir Bhutto
3. The UN agency for health	C. WHO
4. Founded the Red Cross	D. Henry Dunant
5. An NGO that protects the environment	E. Greenpeace
6. "Fiat Panis - let there be bread"	F. FAO

Part C - Comprehension Passage [5 marks] - "Living Together in Our Communities"

Fiji is home to many groups of people. The i-Taukei, Indo-Fijians, Chinese, Rotumans and Europeans live and work side by side. This living together of different ethnic groups is called cultural diversity. When people of different cultures share their foods, festivals and customs, everyone learns respect and tolerance, and the community grows stronger. Social groups like churches, schools and sports clubs also bring people together and teach us cooperation and good values.

1. Name TWO ethnic groups living in Fiji. (1 mark)
2. What is cultural diversity? (1 mark)
3. How does diversity make a community stronger? (1 mark)
4. Name TWO social groups that bring people together. (1 mark)
5. What values do we learn from social groups? (1 mark)

Part D - Paragraph Writing [5 marks]

Write a paragraph (4-6 sentences) explaining why the eight main groups of people (ethnic, religious, geographic, cultural, socio-economic, linguistic, political, occupational) are important to a country. Use examples.

STRAND 2: TIME, CONTINUITY AND CHANGE [22 marks]

Question types: Multiple Choice (8) • True/False (6) • Fill in the Blanks (4) • Resource Interpretation (4)

Part A - Multiple Choice [8 marks]

1. The Commonwealth Games was first held in
 - A. 1874
 - B. 1970
 - C. 1930
 - D. 2000
2. The Pacific Games are held every
 - A. 2 years
 - B. 5 years
 - C. 3 years
 - D. 4 years
3. The lady who established the Missionaries of Charity to serve the poor was
 - A. Jiko Luveni
 - B. Queen Elizabeth
 - C. Caroline Pickering
 - D. Mother Teresa
4. Ratu Sir Kamisese Mara played a significant role in
 - A. leading a rebellion
 - B. discovering Fiji
 - C. Fiji's independence
 - D. establishing the meat industry
5. Christopher Columbus, born in 1451, was famous as a(n)
 - A. Italian explorer
 - B. British Prime Minister
 - C. US President
 - D. American inventor
6. The modern Olympic Games were inspired by the ancient games held in
 - A. Rome
 - B. Paris
 - C. Olympia, Greece
 - D. Cairo
7. Adolf Hitler was the leader of Nazi Germany from
 - A. 1933 to 1945
 - B. 1945 to 1953
 - C. 1919 to 1933
 - D. 1939 to 1945
8. The first Fijian professional golfer ranked world number one is
 - A. Vijay Singh
 - B. Vilisoni Hereniko
 - C. Roy Krishna
 - D. Waisale Serevi

Part B - True or False [6 marks]

1. The air in the Polar Regions is cold.
2. Greenland has approximately 50,000 inhabitants.
3. Underground resources include gold, copper and silver.
4. World organisations contribute to the destruction of the environment.
5. Rugby players have become well-known globally due to their achievements.

6. COVID-19 is best described as a global pandemic.

Part C - Fill in the Blanks [4 marks]

1. World War II lasted from 19__ to 19__. (2 marks)

2. The first South Pacific Games were held in ____ (city) in 19__. (2 marks)

Part D - Resource Interpretation [4 marks] - study the photograph



1. Who is the person in the photograph? (1 mark)

2. What is he famous for? (1 mark)

3. In which year did it happen? (1 mark)

4. Name the spacecraft of his famous mission. (1 mark)

STRAND 3: PLACE AND ENVIRONMENT [26 marks]

Question types: Multiple Choice (10) • Matching (6) • Short-Answer Questions (6) • Resource Interpretation (4)

Part A - Multiple Choice [10 marks]

1. The best way to reduce solid industrial waste is by
 - A. recycling rubbish
 - B. sharing rubbish
 - C. burning rubbish
 - D. burying rubbish
2. The Tropic of Cancer lies at
 - A. 0°
 - B. 23.5° South
 - C. 23.5° North
 - D. 90° South
3. The sea or ocean affects the climate of a nearby place by
 - A. moderating its temperature
 - B. causing droughts
 - C. making it hotter
 - D. nothing at all
4. Land pollution can be reduced by
 - A. re-planting trees
 - B. chemical spills
 - C. avoiding littering
 - D. keeping noisy machines away
5. The Tropic of Capricorn lies at
 - A. 23.5° South
 - B. 66.5° South
 - C. 23.5° North
 - D. 66.5° North
6. The four climatic zones include the Polar, Temperate, Tropics and
 - A. Arctic Ocean
 - B. Capricorn
 - C. Equatorial
 - D. Cancer
7. Water pollution is caused mainly by
 - A. beeping vehicles
 - B. rubbish disposal in rivers
 - C. industrial noise
 - D. loud music
8. The Prime Meridian is zero degrees
 - A. altitude
 - B. longitude
 - C. latitude
 - D. temperature
9. The shape of an area of land — its hills, valleys and mountains — is called
 - A. territory
 - B. longitude
 - C. topography
 - D. latitude
10. A renewable source of energy is

- A. natural gas
- B. bio-fuel
- C. coal
- D. oil

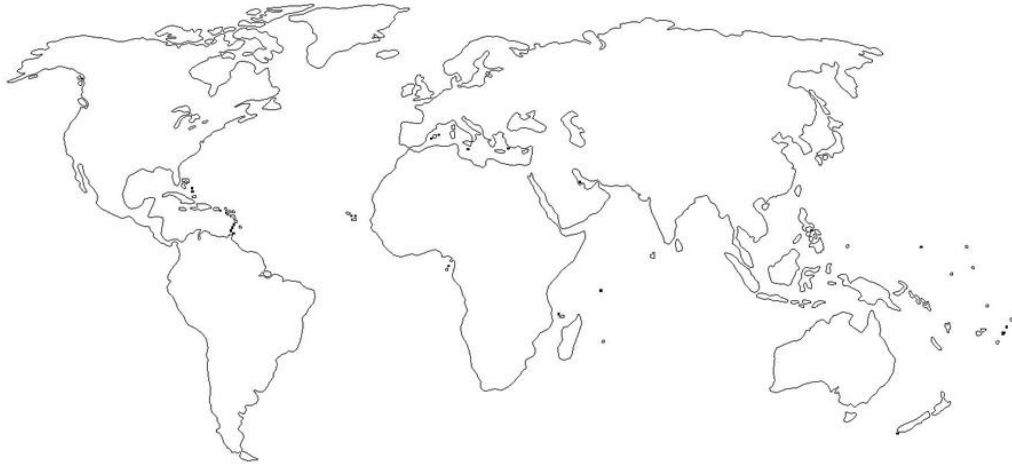
Part B - Matching [6 marks]

COLUMN I	COLUMN II
1. The higher you go, the colder it becomes	A. Mountain (highland)
2. Harsh winters and heavy snowfall	B. Polar
3. Lines running North to South	C. Longitude
4. Hot and humid region around the Equator	D. Tropical
5. Moderate climate with mild seasons	E. Temperate
6. Largest hot desert	F. Sahara

Part C - Short-Answer Questions [6 marks]

1. State two reasons why the mangrove ecosystem should be conserved. (2 marks)
2. Explain one reason why tropical rainforests are important to us. (2 marks)
3. Explain why the Tropic of Capricorn is important. (2 marks)

Part D - Resource Interpretation [4 marks] - study the map



Word List: South Atlantic, China, Vanuatu, Mount Cook

Identify letter **(A)**: This is an ocean (1 mark)

Identify letter **(B)**: An Asian country (1 mark)

Identify letter **(C)**: It is an island in the Pacific (1 mark)

Identify letter **(D)**: A mountain in New Zealand (1 mark)

STRAND 4: RESOURCES AND ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES [26 marks]

Question types: Multiple Choice (10) • Matching (6) • Comprehension Passage (5) • Paragraph Writing (5)

Part A - Multiple Choice [10 marks]

1. Impulsive buying means
 - A. calculated buying
 - B. buying necessities
 - C. buying hardware
 - D. uncontrolled buying
2. A method used to monitor financial health in personal budgeting is
 - A. throwing receipts away
 - B. guessing spending
 - C. ignoring statements
 - D. reviewing monthly expenditures
3. An important feature of globalisation is
 - A. isolation
 - B. connectedness
 - C. walls
 - D. silence
4. A fortnight consists of
 - A. one month
 - B. ten days
 - C. two weeks
 - D. one week
5. The movement of qualified people to other countries is called
 - A. brain drain
 - B. globalisation
 - C. migration of birds
 - D. tourism
6. Credit and debit cards can easily
 - A. save money
 - B. increase our spending
 - C. decrease our spending
 - D. track rainfall
7. Globalisation is best described as the
 - A. movement of planets
 - B. cutting down of forests
 - C. making of money
 - D. interchange of world views, products, ideas and culture
8. Globalisation refers to the emergence of an international network of
 - A. economic systems
 - B. rivers
 - C. mountains
 - D. sports only
9. Sustainability means
 - A. mining faster
 - B. conserving resources to avoid depletion
 - C. using everything today
 - D. buying more wants
10. Goods made in China, Japan and the USA sold in a Suva supermarket show we live in a

- A. closed village
- B. global village
- C. national village
- D. foreign village

Part B - Matching [6 marks]

COLUMN I	COLUMN II
1. A place that safely keeps money	A. Bank
2. Payment for work	B. Wages
3. A plan of income and expenditure	C. Budget
4. The one resource you cannot store	D. Time
5. Buying without planning	E. Impulse buying
6. Fourteen days	F. A fortnight

Part C - Comprehension Passage [5 marks] - "Tourism - Fiji's Golden Industry"

Every year, thousands of visitors fly to Fiji to enjoy our beaches, reefs and famous hospitality. Tourism is one of the largest contributors to Fiji's economy. It creates jobs in hotels, airlines, transport, handicrafts and farming. When a resort buys fish from local fishermen, vegetables from local growers and mats from village weavers, the money spreads through the whole community. Globalisation has brought these visitors to our shores through international flights, internet booking and worldwide advertising.

1. What is tourism? (1 mark)
2. Why is tourism important to Fiji's economy? (1 mark)
3. Name TWO jobs created by tourism. (1 mark)
4. How does tourism help local farmers and fishers? (1 mark)
5. How has globalisation helped tourism? (1 mark)

Part D - Paragraph Writing [5 marks]

Write a paragraph (4-6 sentences) explaining what aid is and how donor countries have helped Pacific Island nations. Give at least TWO examples.

THE END